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TEST REPORT 176/3/22

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Customer: Ms Oda Nimmer
Assignment from: -
Received: 08/04/2022

Assignment: 1. Determination of specific thermal conductivity λ , temperature difference 10 K, contact pressure of the plunger 10 cN/cm², Alambeta method, n = 5, right side and reverse side
2. Determination of the thermal resistance r, temperature difference 10 K, contact pressure of the plunger 10 cN/cm², Alambeta method, n = 5, right side and reverse side
3. Determination of specific heat capacity c_v, temperature difference 10 K, contact pressure of the plunger 10 cN/cm², Alambeta method, n = 5, right side and reverse side

Samples: 1 piece of fabric, article 10942

Sampling: The samples were taken by the customer.

Realisation
of the test:

The samples were taken und were tested by the prescriptions mentioned above.

Durch die DAkkS
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Test results:1. Specific thermal conductivity λ

λ = Quantity of heat, which is passing a material with 1 m² surface and 1 m thickness per second, if there is a temperature difference of 1K between both sides.

λ in	mW	mW	Milliwatt
	-----	m	meter
	m K	K	Kelvin

	right side	reverse side
\bar{x}	42.6	42.4
x_{\max}	43.6	43.5
x_{\min}	41.7	41.6

The lower the value of the specific thermal conductivity, the less heat is transported and dissipated, the better the thermal insulation.

2. Thermal resistance r

r = Temperature difference between the upper side and the reverse side of a material with a surface area of 1 m² and a given thickness, if a heat flux of 1 Watt is passing through.

r in	mK m ²	mK	Millikelvin
	-----	m ²	square meter
	W	W	Watt

	right side	reverse side
\bar{x}	25.9	25.6
x_{\max}	26.8	26.1
x_{\min}	25.1	25.4

The higher the value of the heat resistance, the poorer the heat is transported and dissipated.

3. Specific heat capacity

c_v = volumic heat storage capacity of a material

c_v in	$\frac{\text{mW}}{\text{K} \cdot \text{m}^3} \cdot 10^3$	$\frac{\text{mW}}{\text{s}} \quad \text{Milliwatt}$
		$\text{s} \quad \text{seconds}$
		$\text{K} \quad \text{Kelvin}$

$\text{m}^3 \quad \text{cubic meter}$

right side reverse side

\bar{x}	241.0	247.9
x_{\max}	253.1	263.4
x_{\min}	226.3	229.8

The higher the value of the heat capacity, the more heat can be stored in volume.

The testing results are exclusively related to the sample under conditions as received.

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i. V. S. Roosje

Dr. Klobes
Head of the Testing Centre